The following form may be used to self-evaluate your particular agricultural establishment to determine whether your establishment is in compliance with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

If you answer **NO** or **UNSURE** to any portion of the Self Evaluation, your establishment *may not* be in compliance with the WPS or the Arizona Department of Agriculturells Worker Safety requirements. The Agricultural Consultation and Training (ACT) Program provides compliance assistance in a non-regulatory, non-enforcement mode at no charge to you. ACT will be happy to assist you in complying with these requirements by answering your questions either by telephone or conducting an intensive On-Site Visit at your establishment and then providing a written report recommending the needed corrections. For more information or for a consultation, please contact one of the following individuals listed below, or email us at act@agric.state.az.us.

Contacts: Brett E. Cameron 1688 W. Adams (602) 542-0984

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When completing this Self Evaluation, if you are unsure of a meaning associated with a particular word, at the end of this form there is a list of definitions as they relate to the WPS and ADA s Worker Safety requirements.

Please answer the following questions either **Yes**, **No**, or **Unsure**. (* = State specific requirement only)

Information at a Central Location	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	<u>UNSURE</u>
Pesticide Application List?			
Does the Application List include:			
Product name?			
EPA Registration number?			
Active ingredient(s) of the product?			
Time and date of scheduled application?			
Restricted-entry interval(REI) for the product?			
Location and description of the treated area?			
Does the location and description of the treated area allow workers/handlers to distinguish the treated area	a		
from other non-treated areas on the establishment?			
EPA Pesticide Safety Poster?			
If not an EPA pesticide safety poster, does the safety			
poster include all of the required information?			
Emergency medical information?			
Does the emergency information include, the name, telephone number and address of the nearest medical facility?	e		
·			
Is the posted information:			
Legible?			
Accessible?			
Current?			
Are workers informed of the Central Location, which should contain			
safety poster or required information, emergency information and not of pesticide applications made within the last 30 days, including any	tice		
restricted entry interval?			
resurring that var:			ш

<u>Pesti</u>	icide Safety Training		<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	<u>UNSURE</u>
A.	Handlers				
Is the	e pesticide handler, worker or early entry worker an employee of:				
	The agricultural establishment? A commercial handling establishment?				
Has/i	is the handler:				
	Been trained within the last three years as a WPS handler? Currently a certified applicator of restricted-use pesticides? Completed an approved pesticide train-the-trainer program?	(or) (or)			
Does	the handler have:				
	A current certified applicator certification card? A current WPS handler card? A trainer agreement?	(or) (or)			
	e handler does not possess any of the above described cards or er agreement, who provides the training:				
	A certified applicator? A trainer of certified applicators? A pesticide handler?	(or) (or)			
Are s	some of the training materials approved by EPA?				
as: sa from	the handler receive information about the labeling requirements such afe use of the pesticides, personal protective equipment requirements the agricultural employer, and have access to the pesticide labeling ag the entire handling task?				
Has t	the handler read the label or been informed in a manner in which may fully understand all directions on the label?				
	the handler been properly instructed by their employer on how fely and correctly use all of the pesticide handling equipment?				

		YES	<u>NO</u>	<u>UNSURE</u>
Do all handlers who enter a treated area, for which a REI is in effect or has expired within the past 30 days, receive basic pesticide safety training?	S			
Does the employer ensure:				
The handler s wear personal protective equipment (PPE) required by the pesticide label during the application? The PPE is cleaned and is in proper working condition? The PPE is correctly worn by the handler for the intended use?				
Is all of the PPE, required by the pesticide label for mixing and loading pesticides, made available when using:				
Closed mixing systems? Enclosed cabs?				_ _
Is the appropriate PPE used when applying pesticides by air in an:				
Open cockpit? Closed cockpit?				
B. Workers				
Is the worker or early entry worker an employee of:				
The agricultural establishment? A labor contractor?				
Do all workers who enter a treated area for which a REI is in effect or has expired within the past 30 days:				
Receive basic pesticide safety training before entry?				
Receive complete WPS training no more than 5 days after their initial employment?				
Do the workers have:				
A current certification card? A current WPS worker card? A trainer card?	(or) (or)			

				YES	<u>NO</u>	UNSURE
		workers do not possess any of the above described cards, provides the training:				
		A certified applicator?	(or)			
		A trainer of certified applicators?	(or)			
		A pesticide handler?	(or)			
		A person who has completed the Train-the-Trainer Program?				
	Are t	he training materials:				
		Approved by EPA?	(or)			
		Are some of the materials approved by EPA?	(01)			
III.	DEC	ONTAMINATION SITES				
	A.	Handlers				
1111.	Is a d	econtamination site on the site where the mixing and loading is occu	urring?			
	Is eac	ch decontamination site equipped with:				
		Soap?				
		Single use towels?				
		A clean change of clothing?				
		Sufficient water for entire body wash?	(or)			
		Running tap water, water in a container or a natural				
		body of water that could be used in an emergency?				
	If pes	sticide labeling requires protective eye wear, does the				
	hand	ler have immediate access to:				
		At least one pint of eye flush water or running water?				
	Do th	ne handlers have a non pesticide contaminated location				
	to rer	nove their PPE?				

E	B. Workers	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	UNSURI
Is	Is a decontamination site accessible to the workers:			
	Within one-fourth mile from where they are working?			
Is	Is each decontamination site equipped with:			
	Soap? Single use towels? Sufficient water for routine washing? (1 gallon per worker is recommended)			
(C. Early Entry Workers			
Is	Is a decontamination site accessible to the early-entry workers:			
	Within one-fourth mile from where they are working? Located out of the area that remains under an REI?			
Is	Is the decontamination site equipped with:			
	Soap? Single use towels? Sufficient water for a thorough washing? A clean change of clothing?			
	If pesticide labeling requires protective eye wear, is it provided to the early entry workers?			
	Do the early entry workers have a non pesticide contaminated location to remove their PPE?			
E	EMPLOYER INFORMATION EXCHANGE			
	If commercial pesticide handlers are applying the pesticides, is the agricultural establishment notified of pending pesticide applications?			

IV.

	Did the commercial handler inform the agricultural employer about:	YES	<u>NO</u>	UNSURI
	The specific location and areas that are to be treated? The time and date of scheduled application?			
	The product name, EPA Registration Number, active ingredients, and restricted-entry interval for the pesticide?			
	Whether the pesticide labeling requires both oral warnings and treated-area posting? Any other specific requirements on the labeling requirements?			
	Did the agricultural employer inform the commercial handler about:	u		L
	The specific location and areas that have been treated or that			
	are still under an REI? Restrictions on entering those areas?			
	Are all individuals, even those who are not your employees, who perform work on contaminated equipment (tractors, water pumps, sprayers, aircraft) notified of potential exposure to pesticides?			
V.	NOTICE OF APPLICATIONS			
	A. General			
	Does the agricultural employer/handler take precautions during pesticide applications so that no one is contacted directly or through drift?			
	Are all persons except appropriately trained and equipped handlers kept out of areas being treated with pesticides?			
	When handling a highly toxic pesticide, or a pesticide bearing the skull and crossbones symbol on the label, is the handler monitored:			
	Once every two hours by sight? (or) By voice communication, once every two hours?			

Are workers informed about pesticide applications and any restricted entry intervals by:	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	<u>UNSURI</u>
Oral warning? (or)			
Posted signs?			
Both, if the pesticide label requires it?			
If the warning was oral, was the warning given			
before the application of pesticides? (or)			
When workers first come onto your establishment?			
If pesticide labeling requires posting and oral notification or you choose posting as your form of notification:			
Can the signs be seen at all entrances to treated areas?			
Were EPA approved signs used?			
Were they legible?			
Were they 14 inches by 16 inches?			
Were they posted during the application and entire REI?			
Were they removed within three(3) days of the expiration of the REI?			
Were they removed prior to an worker entry?			
Were they posted at all usual points of entry to the treated area? (or)			
In the corners of the treated area if there are no usual points of entry?			
* Does the employer or his designee post those pesticides having a reentry			
interval of forty-eight (48) hours or greater on the following crops:			
Broccoli?			
Cauliflower?			
Celery?			
Flowers?			
Grapes?			
Lettuce?			
Nectarines?			
Ornamentals?			
Peaches?			
Plums?			
Strawberries?			

В.	Nurseries and Greenhouses		YES	<u>NO</u>	UNSURI
	workers prohibited from entering the treated area and any required r area?				
If a fu	umigant is being applied, is the handler monitored by another handler	?			
Was t	the handler monitored by constant visual contact or voice contact?				
	ventilation criteria met (when required by the label) before handlers/ers were allowed to enter the treated area?				
C.	Early Entry Activities				
	ad labor early entry activities are required, has an Agricultural gency Exception been declared by a governmental agency?				
If yes	, was it a:				
	State? Tribal? Federal agency?	(or) (or)			
	ach early-entry worker been informed about the safety information astructions on the labeling of the pesticide to which the REI applies?				
-	ou assure that the early entry worker was informed in a manner in they could understand the information?				
	the early-entry workers instructed on how to prevent, recognize ive first aid for heat illness?				
	arly-entry workers receive instructions on how to correctly put on, and take off the PPE?				
	the workers provided the PPE required by the pesticide for early-tasks?				

VI.	EXCEPTIONS FOR LIMITED CONTACT ACTIVITIES	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>	UNSURE			
	Are workers informed of the early entry exception?						
	Was the task requiring early entry workers unforseen?						
	Is appropriate PPE supplied to early entry workers?						
	How soon after the application did workers enter the treated area:						
	At least four hours after? After any inhalation exposure level listed on the label was reached?			_ _			
	Was there early entry, before REI expiration, into a treated area by workers which:						
	Lasted less than eight hours?						
	Did not involve hand labor?						
VII.	Prohibited Actions						
	Are all employees encouraged to comply with the worker protection requirements?						

DEFINITIONS

Agricultural Emergency Exception:

means a sudden occurrence or set of circumstances which the agricultural employer could not have anticipated and over which the agricultural employer has no control, and which requires entry into a treated area during a restricted-entry interval, when no alternative practices would prevent or mitigate a substantial economic loss. A substantial economic loss means a loss in profitability greater than that which would be expected based on the experience and fluctuations of crop yields in previous years. Only losses caused by the agricultural emergency specific to the affected site and geographic area are considered. The contribution of mismanagement cannot be considered in determining the loss.

Agricultural Establishment:

means any farm, forest, nursery or greenhouse.

Central Location:

means a location on an establishment at which employees may readily find and read pesticide application and safety information.

Commercial Pesticide Handling Establishment:

means any establishment, other than an agricultural establishment, that:

- 1) employs any person, including a self-employed person, to apply on an agricultural establishment, pesticides used in the production of agricultural plants;
- 2) employs any person, including a self-employed person, to perform on an agricultural establishment, tasks as a crop advisor.

Commercial Pesticide Handler:

means an individual employed by a commercial pesticide handling establishment and whose duties include mixing, loading, transferring or applying pesticides or assisting with a pesticide application after the pesticide container has been opened.

EPA:

means the Environmental Protection Agency.

Pesticides:

means any substance or mixture of substances intended to be used for defoliating plants or for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating insects, fungi, bacteria, weeds, rodents, predatory animals or any form of plant or animal life which is, or which the Director may declare to be, a pest which may infest or be detrimental to vegetation, humans, animals or households or which may be present in any environment.

Pesticide Handler:

means any individual whose duties include mixing, loading, transferring, or applying pesticides or assisting with a pesticide application after the pesticide has been opened.

PPE or Personal Protective Equipment:

means any devices and apparel that are worn to protect the body from contact with pesticides or pesticide residues, including, but not limited to, coveralls, chemical-resistant suits, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, respiratory protection devices, chemical-resistant aprons, chemical-resistant headgear, and protective eye wear.

REI or Restricted-Entry Interval:

Means the time immediately after a pesticide application when entry into the treated area is limited.

Safety Poster:

means any poster which conveys to workers and handlers that there are Federal rules to protect them, including a requirement of safety training; states how to help keep pesticides from getting on or into their bodies.

Single Use Towel:

means any towel only used once; preferably paper towels discarded after use.

Treated Area:

means any area to which a pesticide is being directed or has been directed.

Worker:

means any person, including a self-employed person, who is employed for any type of compensation and who is performing activities relating to the production of agricultural plants on an agricultural establishment.